Internal Audit Report Risk Management Follow Up 2018/19

Plymouth City Council April 2019



| Audit Opinion 2017/18 | Direction of travel | Updated Audit Opinion 2018/19 | Direction of travel |
|---|------------------------|--|------------------------|
| Working – Senior managers take the lead to apply risk management thoroughly across the organisation. They own and manage a register of key risks and set the risk appetite. A core group of people have the skills and knowledge to manage risk effectively and implement the risk management framework. Staff are aware of key risks and responsibilities. Risk with partners and suppliers is well managed across organisational boundaries. Appropriate resources in place to manage risk. Risk management processes used to support key business processes. Early warning indicators and lessons learned are reported. Critical services supported through continuity plans. | G | Embedded and Integrated – Risk management is championed by the Director. The Board and senior managers challenge the risks to the organisation and understand their risk appetite. Management leads risk management by example. People are encouraged and supported to take managed risks through innovation. Regular training and clear communication of risk is in place. Sound governance arrangements are established. Partners support one another's risk management capability and capacity. A framework of risk management processes in place and used to support service delivery. Robust business continuity management system in place. | Q |

Introduction

This audit was undertaken in accordance with the 2018/19 agreed annual audit plan. A follow up review was undertaken to provide assurance to management and those charged with governance, on the progress being made to further improve Plymouth City Councils risk maturity level.

Our approach has been to meet with the Senior Performance Advisor and Corporate Risk Advisor to obtain an update on progress being made against audit identified opportunities. Testing has also been undertaken where appropriate.

Executive Summary

Work that commenced in 2017/18 has been implemented and this has meant that risk management arrangements are now embedded and integrated within formal business planning processes and closer aligned with risk and performance management processes. The results of which are being realised within service management teams through the provision of optimised management information tools that have strengthened Corporate Governance and enabled effective decision making. Opportunities to develop a shared repository will further strengthen current processes enabling real time communication and collaboration.

With Corporate Risk now a part of the Chief Executive Office this has enabled better synergies with business planning and performance management. Working closely with policy and performance officers has enabled the transfer of knowledge and skills regarding risk management building further resilience into the system of internal control.

Updates on the progress made against each agreed recommendation is described in the Appendix A below. Definitions of the assurance opinion ratings are also given in the Appendix A to this report.

Issues for the Annual Governance Statement

The evidence obtained in internal audit reviews can identify issues in respect of risk management, systems and controls that may be relevant to the Annual Governance Statement. In terms of this review we are able to report that there are no issues arising that warrant inclusion in the Annual Governance Statement.

Acknowledgements

We would like to express our thanks and appreciation to all those who provided support and assistance during the course of this audit. Written responses should be returned to Louise Clapton (louise.clapton@devon.gov.uk). Alternatively a meeting to discuss the report and agree the action plan should be arranged with the named auditors.

> Robert Hutchins Head of Partnership

Appendix A

Detailed Audit Observations and Action Plan

Original Opinion Statement as at October 2016

Level of Assurance Working

Overall risk management arrangements operating within Plymouth City Council are considered to be "Working". The Council have a robust Risk and Opportunity management strategy that continues to be updated to ensure it remains fit for purpose, however the consistency of which Risk Management is Embedded and Integrated into the day to day business across the Council has reduced since our last review in 2012.

It is acknowledged that the Corporate and Senior Management Teams are risk focused and consider risks to objectives as part of day to day corporate and service management with risk registers maintained and subject to routine monitoring and reporting. However visibility and understanding has diminished following a sustained period of significant change, opportunities should now be taken to raise the profile and understanding of risk and opportunity management and strengthen existing arrangements including:

- Identification of risk and opportunity through consistent business planning processes, and setting of risk appetites to provide focus,
- Capturing proportionate timely risk and opportunity information within established management processes,
- Provision of real-time risk and opportunity information that is integrated with finance and performance information and utilised in decision making,
- Further develop horizon scanning for both risk and opportunity at all levels of management and understanding of the cost vs benefit of risk mitigation,
- Removal of tension between culture and process strengthening common purpose, value and ethics. This will encourage universal adoption, application of key policies and procedures, and encourage timely, transparent and honest communication.

The effectiveness of risk and opportunity management arrangements vary across the Council, lessons could therefore be learned through the sharing of best practice and development of case studies to enable a culture that protects the reputation, improves resilience, reduces unexpected losses, demonstrates good governance, increases the effectiveness of change programmes and better positions the Council to meet its strategic objectives and priorities.

Original Audit Observations, Findings and Opportunities as at October 2016

Corporate, Service and Financial Planning

Although the corporate plan states that the Councils objectives will be delivered through the Medium Term Financial Strategy and Service plans there has been an inconsistent approach to service planning across the Council with a focus primarily on Transformation and Improvement Plans. Risk Management as a management tool and a key part of the governance system is therefore not optimised and the golden thread of Corporate Planning, Service Planning, Risk and Performance Management is therefore weakened. The translation of the corporate plan through service business plans to team and individual action plans is recognised best practice. It is the corporate and service objectives to which strategic and operational risk and opportunity management should be aligned.

To embed risk management, it is important that risk management is woven into business processes otherwise it will continue to be a parallel activity. A consistent approach to identifying risks and opportunities to service priorities and objectives as part of the planning process will strengthen risk management arrangements.

As part of annual financial and business planning, management should consider undertaking a risk and opportunity review. This would ensure that all risks and opportunities can be evaluated and registers updated to align with current strategic, operational, financial and project plans. Senior Management should consider utilising the skills and experience of Risk Officers to facilitate risk and opportunity workshops as part of their business and financial planning activities.

| | Audit Observation and Management Update as at March 2018 | | |
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| ; | A new business planning process has been agreed (March 2018) and instructions were issued to SLT to prepare and submit a draft business plan by the 30th March. The instructions issued clearly demonstrate the need to align business planning, performance, finance and risk information with an annual focus and two year operational horizon. Work is underway within the Chief Executive Performance and Policy Team to align KPI and risk information with Corporate and Service objectives through the business planning cycle for discussions at monthly DMTs. | | |
| Business plans have now been developed for the start of the 2018/19 and discussions held to determine gaps in risk and performance information. now require a refresh to reflect new priorities following the recent change in the political administration. | | | |
| | Once implemented and embedded this will strengthen Corporate Governance arrangements across the Council, enable continuous improvement and support delivery of Council objectives. | | |
| | Audit Observation and Management Update as at March 2019 Implemented | | |
| | Business plans were drafted at the beginning of 2018 and have been subject to review following change in Council Leadership and revision of corporate priorities, a subsequent review was also undertaken in January 2019. The business planning process is embedded across the whole of Plymouth City Council and risk and opportunities are considered as part of this process. Further analysis of risk, in addition to the standard cycle of review, was also undertaken in Junget saving proposals identified by departments. There is clear evidence that risk management is an intrinsic part of business and financial planning activities. | | |
| | Original Audit Observations, Findings and Opportunities as at October 2016 | | |
| | Risk and opportunity information Corporate and Departmental Management Teams are managing risks all the time but don't formally capture all risk management activity. As the current process encourages the recording of information only at that particular moment in time risk registers may not provide a true and fair view of the risks and opportunities currently facing the Council. | | |
| I | The current process of recording, monitoring and reporting risk and opportunity information is overly resource intensive and inefficient. Although adequate risk information is being captured through the six monthly risk monitoring cycle, which is held in a variety of spread sheets and word templates, there is no demonstrable evidence that this information is utilised day to day by management. The risk templates have recently been updated and improved but the process is considered to be "a bit clunky". | | |
| | Risks are managed as part of the business as usual and are considered as part of the day to day service management however current risk management processes are completed in addition to day to day decision making. | | |
| | Management should consider the effectiveness of the use of spread sheets to record, monitor and report risk and opportunities, and the possibility of it preventing effective management and exploitation of risk and opportunities. Confidence in the current process needs to be developed if it is to continue to be used as the key source of risk management information. The process of recording, monitoring and reporting should be proportionate and not overly bureaucratic but allow for sufficient information to be captured to support management and aid real-time decision making. | | |

Consider the development and implementation of a real time risk management system that will provide an interactive, live management tool that can be utilised on a day to day basis. This will provide a complete history and audit trail of updates as well as negating the need to undertake a separate monitoring exercise if information is updated on an on-going basis.

To ensure that each Directorate is fully aware of all risks to corporate and service objectives for which they have responsibility, Directorate risk registers should include all strategic, operational, project/programme and partnerships risks. Risk management is not an isolated activity so to further embed, integrate and in order for management to utilise risk and opportunity information in everything it does a live, interactive reporting tool should be implemented. This would enable strategic, operational, project and partnership risk records to be drawn into different reports so that one risk can be a component of the Strategic Risk Register as well as in any other appropriate risk register ensuring that all see exactly the same position on the risk. DMT's and Risk Owners could access this information as and when required to add to, update or remove risks as things happen. This would provide:

- Accountability, risk owners would be clearly recorded.
- Standardisation, standard fields would encourage consistent and complete record keeping of mitigating controls, action plans, risk reviews.
- Email alerts to risk owners reminding of impending or overdue risk reviews.
- Audit trail, all changes to risk ratings, action plans, mitigating controls etc. would be recorded.
- Reporting could be aligned to suit all requirements for, strategic, operational, project and partnership risk registers. Enabling the reporting of risks due to the significance of their rating as and when required.
- One version of the truth, held securely and accessible to those who need it.

It is recognised that whilst Senior Management see the merit in a real-time risk management system they felt that there were other higher priorities to focus on and could not commit limited Officer time to learning a new system. It may therefore be an opportunity to develop the current project server for recording and managing risk. Council staff are already familiar with this system and could be developed with limited cost. HR have already utilised this system to better manage its BAU risk.

The cost benefit of implementing a risk management system should be evaluated. Any consideration of a new system should include the potential to integrate with performance and finance information.

Audit Observation and Management Update as at March 2018

Risk and opportunity information continues to be recorded on numerous spreadsheets with central compilation for reporting to Audit Committee bi-annually for both strategic and operational risks.

Implementation of risk and performance discussions at monthly DMT's will ensure the accuracy and completeness of risk information and promote consistent consideration when taking decisions. Review of risk registers will be undertaken quarterly in line with corporate planning timelines.

Opportunities continue to be explored to enable the provision of real time risk management information, such as the use of SharePoint as a repository for risk and opportunity information alongside business plans, performance and finance information. This will be important to enable better collaboration/sharing of risk and opportunity information across SLT to help moderate business plans and identify synergies. However, it is understood that the development of SharePoint as a repository for SharePoint as a repository for a superior across SLT to help moderate business plans and identify synergies. However, it is understood that the development of SharePoint as a repository for Corporate Governance Management Information has been put on hold at the time of the audit.

| Audit Observation and Management Update as at March 2019 | Implemented and ongoing |
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| Risk and performance discussions at monthly DMT's ensure the accuracy and completen taking decisions. Place consider performance at its monthly DMT where all information recognised as good practice and is being promoted as an exemplar for other departments corporate planning timelines. | elating to Risk, KPI's, Budget and HR is reviewed, this has been |
| SharePoint / Office 365 has not yet been implemented, however once this has been component information alongside business plans, performance and finance information will be developed to be recorded on numerous spreadsheets with central compilation for reporting to Audit (| ped. In the meantime, risk and opportunity information continues |
| Original Audit Observations, Findings and Opportunities as at October 2016 | |
| Reporting, Scrutiny and Communication Risk management reporting is in line with the risk management strategy; however, there i and challenge of strategic and operational risk and opportunities. | s insufficient evidence to determine the effectiveness of scrutiny |
| This evaluation has found that Council Leadership and Senior Management respond to ris Management Team and Audit Committee routinely considering high level risks, however t accurate and timely risk information. This review has found that the true benefit of Risk M risk and opportunity information that is preventing the flow and utilisation of risk information | to be effective the process is reliant on the flow of complete, lanagement is not currently being realised due to a lack of real time |
| As an organisation changes, its risk, control and compliance activities often become fragr both the governance oversight and the business itself. Often, there are multiple communi- confusion. And, a lack of coordination among functions can increase costs and fatigue on | cations to management and the board that overlap and cause |
| Although overall Senior Management do not consider the Council to be risk adverse this e hindered by risk averse compliance functions, whilst Corporate functions indicated that th level. It is also considered that other procedures and policies can create a culture that is reward of risk taking is not always recognised. | ere is the potential for risk aversion at service or organisational |
| Management should consider the importance of minute taking which supports goo accountability. | d governance, demonstrates integrity, transparency and |
| Implementation of real-time risk and opportunity management information will sup decision making. | port the accuracy and timeliness of information used in |
| To prevent silo working senior management would welcome visibility of all corpora of risk commonality across the organisation and enable risk clustering. Departmental Management Teams would welcome peer challenge across departme of risks and opportunities by CMT when taking decisions. | - |
| More clarity would be welcomed regarding the reporting of more complex and sens sensitivities. | sitive risk and opportunities, particularly regarding commercia |

It may be, to promote understanding, scrutiny and challenge that the risks to service area objectives are discussed at least annually at full team meetings. The development of service performance dashboards and performance reporting may also be an effective mechanism to communicate risk alongside other service performance information.

There appears to be confusion regarding what constitutes a strategic or operational risk, how risks escalate between the various risk registers and the difference between a risk and an issue. It is important that clarity is given to ensure trust and confidence in the framework. The Corporate Risk Team should ensure that guidance and training is clear and comprehensive and use case studies to increase understanding. Determining risk appetite will also provide clarity and support Management when taking decisions on risk and opportunity.

Use of case studies and lessons learned to understand the benefit and results of well managed risk taking will increase confidence and drive business change.

Audit Observation and Management Update as at March 2018

With the implementation of the new business planning process and the alignment with Risk, Performance and Finance scorecards that will form a part of monthly DMT meetings it is envisaged that real time information will be captured and used in decision making.

Better use of risk appetite is evident with service/contract specific risk appetites being defined for Integrated Health and Social Care and Plymouth Highways.

Clarity around escalation of risk has been completed through published risk management strategy guidance and better informed through the development of service specific risk appetite statements.

Audit Observation and Management Update as at March 2019

Implemented

Risk information is included in the Corporate Plan Performance Report and Budget Scrutiny. Business plans, including their associated risks are subject to member scrutiny. Risk, Performance and Finance scorecards have been developed to inform monthly DMT meetings, these support the capture of real time information and used in decision making.

Risk appetite continues to be defined for specific services/contract to add focus to management information and aid decision making.

Clarity around escalation of risk has been completed through published risk management strategy guidance and better informed through the development of service specific risk appetite statements.

Original Audit Observations, Findings and Oportunities as at October 2016

Risk Management Knowledge and Understanding

Staff at all levels are understood to be aware of the risks to our business although they may not necessarily know the language of risk management and may be more risk adverse than is necessary, possibly lacking confidence to take risk.

Escalation of risk and opportunity takes place in accordance with procedures however reporting to all staff due to capacity and time pressures is not considered as effective.

Value was recognised in the training and risk workshops provided by the Corporate Risk Team, initially in 2006 and ad hoc over more recent years however there has been a lot of change and some knowledge and understanding has been lost along the way.

E-learning has recently been rolled out to develop the knowledge and understanding of implementing risk management, however there has been limited completion at this time. Senior Management should encourage their staff to complete the training to raise confidence in utilising risk and opportunity management to drive the business.

Changes to the individual performance competencies has meant that the responsibility of risk and opportunity management is no longer evaluated, it is therefore important that Management ensure the culture of risk/opportunity awareness and management is maintained.

A consistent approach to ensuring all staff are involved in the understanding, identification and management of risks to council objectives would further strengthen risk management arrangements. Some of the best vehicles for doing this may be leadership team blogs, intranet articles, cascading meetings or email bulletins/newsletters.

Audit Observation and Management Update as at March 2018

| The new business planning process identifies the need to link risk and opportunity through service and individual objectives, this should encourage visibility of risk and opportunities at all levels of the organisation. | | |
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| At the end of February 2018 only 11% of managers and 7 % of the Councils employees have undertaken the eLearning. | | |
| There has been limited use of leadership team blogs, intranet articles, social media channels or email bulletins/newsletters. There is an opportunity to utilise these channels to better communicate and engage all employees. As part of the new business planning process and alignment of risk, performance and management information opportunities to communicate with employees and customers through various digital channels could be explored. Development of SharePoint would also help to realise better sharing of information, knowledge and experiences. | | |
| Audit Observation and Management Update as at March 2019 Implemented | | |
| Risk Management e-learning forms part of the Management Driving Licence, this ensures that appropriate training is undertaken as part of a range of management competencies. As at end of 2018/19, 70% of managers have completed this training. Risk management best practice continues to be shared at the regional risk group. | | |
| Managers are responsible for ensuring effective risk and opportunity management, although limited use of leadership team blogs, intranet articles, social media channels or email bulletins/newsletters has been made business planning processes and alignment of risk, performance and management information has improved communication with employees. | | |
| Original Audit Observations, Findings and Opportunities as at October 2016 | | |
| Risk Champions Risk Champions have ensured that the monitoring of operational and strategic risk registers have been undertaken in line with the risk management timetable and strategy and have been a key driver to promoting and delivering the risk management strategy. However the appointment and utilisation of this role is inconsistent across the Council. Whilst each service within Transformation and Change have their own Risk Champion, People and Place services rely on a couple of business support officers whose capacity to deliver this role is becoming increasingly difficult. Plymouth City Council has undergone significant change over the last few years. With less resources to support risk management processes it is critical that risk management is carried out within established management processes allowing risk information to flow from the business as usual. | | |
| Management should consider the role of their Risk Champion's and how to make best use of their knowledge and expertise. Their role in promoting, facilitating and supporting risk management is of value and opportunities to better utilise these skills to support the business should | | |

| | real-time Risk and Opportunity Management information would provide a more efficient and effective process allowing officers at all levels of the organisation to manage, monitor and report on risk and opportunity as part of their day to day business activity. | | | | |
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| | Audit Observation and Management Update as at March 2018 | | | | |
| | Risk Champions continue to provide support and co-ordination for risk management arrangements, with an identified Risk Champion assigned to each DM Where there is not an identified Risk Champion the Corporate Risk Advisor is seeking individuals to fulfil this role. Risk Champions will support the joint monitoring process for performance and risk. | | | | |
| | Audit Observation and Management Update as at March 2019 Implemented | | | | |
| | The Operational Risk Management Group is aligned to the three lines of defence model with membership made up of Risk Champions along with oversigh functions that make up the second line of defence. This enables development of the risk strategy and ensures communication across the whole Council. Risk Champions have changed overtime but there is evidence that they continue to raise the profile of risk management. | | | | |
| | Original Audit Observations, Findings and Opportunities as at October 2016 | | | | |
| Integration with Finance and Performance Information | | | | | |
| | Planning, Performance, Finance and Risk Management are part of a cycle for ensuring improvement to deliver priorities, which involves reviewing past performance, learning lessons and analysing what can be done to improve efficiency and value for money. However risk and opportunity management is not consistently well integrated with all key business processes and not necessarily seen as a key driver for change, alignment of risk and opportunity with performance and finance information is considered disjointed. Greater integration with financial and performance management and reporting at strategic and operational level will strengthen current arrangements, providing Members, Leadership and Management with complete information on which effective decisions can be made. | | | | |
| | Linking finance, performance and risk information into established reporting mechanisms such as the dashboard reports at a strategic and operational level will provide complete, open and transparent information on which effective decisions can be made. Integrating this key information will support the drive to make savings and seek opportunities. | | | | |
| | Audit Observation and Management Update as at March 2018 | | | | |
| | The MTFS delivery plan had an appendix to the Budget Report 2018/19 that was submitted to cabinet in February 2018 and included an assessment of risk. | | | | |
| | The risk narrative in the Corporate Performance reports has also been improved. Informed through DMT, this narrative will add value to the quality of risk and performance information provided. | | | | |
| | Audit Observation and Management Update as at March 2018 Implemented and ongoing | | | | |
| | Risk Management information is included in Business and Financial Planning activities and monthly performance reporting. Budget setting reports include risk information. Place DMT now have a monthly performance briefing paper that includes risk, performance and finance information, this is recognised good practice and is being promoted to other departments. | | | | |

| 7 | Original Audit Observations, Findings and Opportunities as at October 2016 | | |
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| | Programmes and Projects Transformation programmes and associated projects are conducted in accordance with project management principles, this includes the identification, management and review of risks by individual project boards/managers. | | |
| | Each project is assessed and the overall rating of the programme or project (High, Medium or Low) will determine the governance arrangements. Programmes or projects with a 'high' level rating are more likely to receive greater scrutiny and be reported as a strategic risk to project, programme and Corporate Management Teams, who will oversee critical milestones, high risks and issues and overall progress towards achievement of benefits. The remaining 'medium' and 'low' rated projects will be managed through project and programme boards via their defined governance. This is to be commended and recognised as best practice. | | |
| | There does remain a risk that through transition from project to BAU that risks and opportunities may be missed. Strengthening risk and opportunity management within the business as usual will ensure promised objectives continue to be delivered and improved upon. | | |
| | Audit Observation and Management Update as at March 2018 | | |
| | Key projects and partnerships have developed risk and opportunity registers. | | |
| | Evidence has been obtained that demonstrates new key projects such as the Childrens Social Care joint management arrangement with Torbay Council ar Plymouth Highways, have registers in place with overall risks recognised in Plymouth City Councils strategic and/or operational registers. | | |
| | With the dissolution of the Portfolio Office and the move of transformation work back to the business areas it is important that guidance is updated to reflect how project and partnership risk and opportunities are captured and escalated through the appropriate reporting lines. | | |
| | Audit Observation and Management Update as at March 2019 Implemented and ongoing | | |
| | Project risk are managed via project management software. Where projects move to business as usual remaining risks will transfer to the relevant operational or strategic risk register. | | |
| 8 | Original Audit Observations, Findings and Opportunities as at October 2016 | | |
| | Partnerships More public services are being delivered by, or in partnership with, charities, communities, private and public sector organisations. This shift in the structure of service provision will create significant risks, but also present valuable opportunities. The planned and systematic approach to the identification, analysis and economic control of those risks which threaten the employees, assets, or earning capacity of an organisation will help plan for the right balance between innovation and change and the avoidance of shocks and crises. Although Senior Management are clear about the Partnerships in which they are involved there is no demonstrable evidence that the risks to PCC of working in each partnership have been evaluated. | | |
| | All the risks need to be evaluated and there should be a common understanding of risk appetite of each partner organisation at the outset. Details of the risks and opportunities relating to partnerships should be included on the relevant service operational risk register or strategic risk register. | | |
| | Audit Observation and Management Update as at March 2018 | | |
| | Work has been undertaken to embed the Integrated Risk Management Framework for the Partnership between Devon CCG and Plymouth City Council. This has been successful and recognised a good practice. | | |

| | A risk management framework is in the process of being developed in relation to Plymouth Highways, the Partnership between PCC and South West Highways. | | |
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| | Development of risk management arrangements around shared services is also underway. The Council's vision for the City includes facilitating partnerships at all levels and connecting communities. It is therefore important the Council have a complete and accurate understanding of the Partnership in which they are involved. A centralise record should be developed that can be shared by management to understand the Councils complete Partnership landscape and the risks and opportunities of those partnerships. | | |
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| | Audit Observation and Management Update as at March 2019 Implemented and ongoing | | |
| | Strategic partnerships continue to develop robust risk management arrangements. The Finance and Risk Group continue to oversee the joint risk management framework between PCC and CCG. Plymouth Highways are now part of Place and the risks have transferred to the Place risk register. Whilst a joint risk register is held with South West Highways on their shared Hub. Delt have their own risk register which is reviewed at Delt Board, on which PCC Officers sit. | | |
| 9 | Original Audit Observations, Findings and Opportunities as at October 2016 | | |
| | Business Opportunity Although risks are identified and considered routinely, opportunities are not as mechanisms to capture opportunity risk are not sufficiently evolved. If only threat risks are managed then the best outcome that can be expected is to meet the promised objectives but never improve upon them. | | |
| | Further work should be undertaken to develop the identification, prioritisation and response to start proactively managing opportunity risks. Use of SWOT analysis is a good way to identify true opportunities. Prioritisation will be about maximising likelihood and impact scores and responses to be considered could include exploitation and sharing. The corporate risk function could support the development and understanding of opportunity management through the delivery of opportunit workshops and development of case studies. | | |
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| | Audit Observation and Management Update as at March 2018 | | |
| | It is hoped that further development of business planning, performance and risk information will help managers identify opportunities. | | |
| | Opportunities should be taken to ensure Risk Champions and Policy and Performance Officers fully understand opportunity management so that they can support the identification of opportunities as part of monthly management meetings. | | |
| | Consideration should be given as to how opportunity information can be captured and utilised in management decision making. This should be a simple process that aligns with embedded planning, risk and performance information recording processes and enable the sharing of information once systems have been developed. | | |
| | Audit Observation and Management Update as at March 2019 Implemented | | |
| | Formal business planning processes have supported the identification of risk and opportunities. Gap analysis has been undertaken to identify areas of risk and opportunity. Scrutiny challenge has also supported identification of risk and opportunities. | | |

| 10 | Original Audit Observations, Findings and Opportunities as at October 2016 | | |
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| | Risk Appetite | | |
| | Risk appetite is the level of risk we are prepared to tolerate or accept in the pursuit of our strategic objectives. It is almost impossible to encapsulate risk profiles and appetites for the whole council due to the diversity of services, previously audit recommended that risk management arrangements could be further strengthened through adapting the Risk and Opportunity Management Framework locally at Directorate/Service level. Although some Senior Management have indicated that risk appetite is considered it has not been possible to demonstrate this and so overall it is considered that the setting and understanding of risk appetite is not yet working effectively. | | |
| | Corporate Risk have recently revised the risk appetite statement that sets out the level of management oversight required depending on the category of risk and residual score. The Integrated Assurance Strategy developed within Transformation further supports this and should be recognised Council wide. This will enable risk and opportunity management to be aligned with governance arrangements, providing appropriate visibility and management at the most appropriate level of the organisation. | | |
| The Council needs to revisit their risk profiles and set effective risk appetites at strategic and operational levels. It would be consider defining risk appetites for different service areas to make risk management more effective. In deciding this the Co | | | |
| | More effectively prioritise risks for mitigation. Better allocate resources. | | |
| | Considering and setting a risk appetite enables an organisation to increase its achievements by optimising risk taking and accepting calculated risks within an appropriate level of authority. | | |
| | appropriately. Risk appetites should be regularly reviewed and approved at the appropriate level. Audit Observation and Management Update as at March 2018 | | |
| | Risk appetite guidance is comprehensive and will enable the development of service specific risk profiles. These have been used successfully to develop specific risk profiles for the new Plymouth Highways service. | | |
| | Risk category scoring provides an indication of the level of risk individual service areas are prepared to tolerate/accept in pursuit of its objectives. | | |
| | As part of the implementation of business planning process opportunities should be taken to further develop service specific risk appetite statements. | | |
| | Audit Observation and Management Update as at March 2019 Implemented | | |
| | Evaluation of risk against risk appetite continues to be used as a useful management tool. A new process of evaluating key controls and their effectiveness is currently being trialled, this is aligned to the council's risk appetite to ensure resource are only committed to the level of assurance required. | | |
| 11 | Original Audit Observations, Findings and Opportunities as at October 2016 | | |
| | Horizon Scanning Horizon Scanning is undertaken at CMT level but it does not take place enough at DMT level. | | |
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Horizon scanning should take place as part of business and financial planning and be further developed as part of finance, performance and risk monitoring routines. Developing a corporate approach through promotion of best practice through the use of case studies will support management to become effective. Including risk as a standard agenda item at management meetings will prompt the identification of new and emerging risks, records should be maintained of discussions to ensure that these risks can be revisited and will not be forgotten or lost. New and emerging risks and opportunities should be highlighted on risk registers, however these risks should be identified as such and may not have any mitigating controls or action plans due to a lack of initial information. Capturing these risks would allow for monitoring until full details have been received and considered. Once enough information is received a decision can be taken as to whether it transfers to the risk register or can be removed as there is no risk arising. When the risk is confirmed as a risk to service delivery it should then form part of the formal risk register and be managed in accordance with current processes. Audit Observation and Management Update as at March 2018 Senior Management and Departmental Management Teams performance and risk discussions will feed into the new business planning process. The new business planning process promotes horizon scanning as part of routine cycle of review and update. This has been evident by an increase in the number of changes to risk registers. Monthly management meetings will include the review of key performance indicators and risks this will include the scoping of future risks as well as provide a gap analysis. It is important the identification and evaluation of future opportunities is also embedded into routine management review processes. Audit Observation and Management Update as at March 2019 Implemented Business and financial planning processes continues to encourage horizon scanning. Centrally the corporate Risk Advisor will be working closer with Policy Officer to undertake horizon scanning. Policy briefings and performance scorecard activity also provides greater insight into potential future risk and opportunities. Review of Committee Agendas to identify potential areas of risk and opportunity will be undertaken and performance team briefed on a weekly basis. Updates from external bodies such as Local Government Association and HSE will also be reviewed and where appropriate shared with relevant Officers. Attendance and regional risk management meetings also enable the identification of future risks and opportunities that can be highlighted. Original Audit Observations, Findings and Opportunities as at October 2016 Cost / Benefit of Risk Management Activity Senior Management stated that the cost/benefit of controls and action plans to mitigating risk is considered however demonstrable evidence has not been obtained to determine the effectiveness of this. Risk information could be further strengthened with the inclusion of action plan for additional controls and an evaluation of the cost/benefit of mitigating controls. There are also opportunities to further drive the risk management process by developing tools that will support the consideration of cost effective mitigation of each risk and determine the realisation of benefits achieved through risk management. Audit Observation and Management Update as at March 2018 The risk register template has been revised in line with the 'Three Line Defence ' model to allow for consideration of the level of assurance in place - this should help to determine if there are unnecessary controls in place for an activity.

The alignment and streamlining of business planning, financial, performance and risk monitoring processes will enable the consideration of the cost/benefit of mitigation as well as collaboration to identify resulting pressures across the council.

The development and roll out of Civica Financials e-budgeting should further support this.

Audit Observation and Management Update as at March 2018

A framework for evaluating key controls and their effectiveness, aligned to risk appetite, is currently being trialled. Although not specific on cost, it works to ensure that the controls in place to mitigate a compliance related risk is working or gives an early warning indication to a problem before it escalates, whilst ensuring resources are only committed to the level of assurance required. If this successfully provides useful management information, it will be rolled out to other health surveillance risks.

Implemented and ongoing

Appendix B

Scope and Objectives

As part of the formal audit planning process it was agreed that this review would follow up on the action taken since the last Internal Audit report in October 2016 and provide Plymouth City Council's Management with assurance on the progress taken to strengthen risk management arrangements

Inherent Limitations

The opinions and recommendations contained within this report are based on our examination of restricted samples of transactions / records and our discussions with officers responsible for the processes reviewed.

Definitions of Audit Assurance Opinion Levels

| Assurance | Definition |
|----------------------------|--|
| Driving | Senior management uses consideration of risk to drive excellence through the business, with strong support and reward for well managed risk-taking. All staff are empowered to be responsible for risk management. The organisation has a good record of innovation and well-managed risk-taking. Absence of a blame culture. Clear evidence of improved partnership delivery through risk management and that key risks to the community are being effectively managed. Management of risk and uncertainty is well-integrated with all key business processes and shown to be a key driver in business success. |
| Embedded and Integrated | Risk management is championed by the Director. The Board and senior managers challenge the risks to the organisation and understand their risk appetite. Management leads risk management by example. People are encouraged and supported to take managed risks through innovation. Regular training and clear communication of risk is in place. Sound governance arrangements are established. Partners support one another's risk management capability and capacity. A framework of risk management processes in place and used to support service delivery. Robust business continuity management system in place. |
| Working | Senior managers take the lead to apply risk management thoroughly across the organisation. They own and manage a register of key risks and set the risk appetite. A core group of people have the skills and knowledge to manage risk effectively and implement the risk management framework. Staff are aware of key risks and responsibilities. Risk with partners and suppliers is well managed across organisational boundaries. Appropriate resources in place to manage risk. Risk management processes used to support key business processes. Early warning indicators and lessons learned are reported. Critical services supported through continuity plans. |
| Happening | Board/ Councillors and senior managers take the lead to ensure that approaches for addressing risk are being developed and implemented. Suitable guidance is available and a training programme has been implemented to develop risk capability. Approaches for addressing risk with partners are being developed and implemented. Appropriate tools are developed and resources for risk identified. Risk management processes are being implemented and reported upon in key areas Service continuity arrangements are being developed in key service Areas. |
| Awareness | Senior management are aware of the need to manage uncertainty and risk and have made resources available to improve. Key people are aware of the need to understand risk principles and increase capacity and competency in risk management techniques through appropriate training. Key people are aware of areas of potential risk in partnerships and the need to allocate resources to manage risk. Some stand-alone risk processes have been identified and are being developed. The need for service continuity arrangements has been identified. |

| Devon Audit Partnership | Confidentiality and Disclosure Clause |
|--|---|
| The Devon Audit Partnership has been formed under a joint committee arrangement comprising of Plymouth, Torbay and Devon councils. We aim to be recognised as a high quality internal audit service in the public sector. We work with our partners by providing a professional internal audit service that will assist them in meeting their challenges, managing their risks and achieving their goals. In carrying out our work we are required to comply with the Public Sector Internal Audit Standards along with other best practice and professional standards. The Partnership is committed to providing high quality, professional customer services to all; if you have any comments or suggestions on our service, processes or standards, the Head of Partnership would be pleased to receive them at <u>robert.hutchins@devonaudit.gov.uk</u> . | This report is protectively marked in accordance with the National Protective Marking Scheme. It is accepted that issues raised may well need to be discussed with other officers within the Council, the report itself should only be copied/circulated/disclosed to anyone outside of the organisation in line with the organisation's disclosure policies. This report is prepared for the organisation's use. We can take no responsibility to any third party for any reliance they might place upon it. |